

COURSE CODE	COURSE NAME	L-T-P-C	YEAR OF INTRODUCTION
EC405	OPTICAL COMMUNICATION	3-0-0-3	2016
Prerequisite: EC203 Solid State Devices, EC205 Electronic Circuits			
Course objectives: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> To introduce the concepts of light transmission through optical fibers, optical sources and detectors. To compare the performance of various optical transmission schemes. To impart the working of optical components and the principle of operation of optical amplifiers. To give idea on WDM technique. 			
Syllabus: General light wave system, advantages, classification of light wave systems, fibre types, linear and non linear effects in fibres, Fibre materials, fabrication of fibres, Optical sources, LEDs and LDs Optical detectors, Optical receivers, Digital transmission systems, Optical Amplifiers, WDM concept, Introduction to free space optics, Optical Time Domain Reflectometer (OTDR).			
Expected outcome: The students will be able to:- <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Know the working of optical source and detectors. Compare the performance of various optical modulation schemes. Apply the knowledge of optical amplifiers in the design of optical link. Analyse the performance of optical amplifiers. Know the concept of WDM Describe the principle of FSO and LiFi. 			
Text Books: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Gerd Keiser, Optical Fiber Communications, 5/e, McGraw Hill, 2013. Mishra and Ugale, Fibre optic Communication, Wiley, 2013. 			
References: <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Chakrabarthi, Optical Fibre Communication, McGraw Hill, 2015. Hebbar, Optical fibre communication, Elsevier, 2014 John M Senior- Optical communications, 3/e, Pearson, 2009. Joseph C. Palais, Fibre Optic Communications, 5/e Pearson, 2013. Keiser, Optical Communication Essentials (SIE), 1/e McGraw Hill Education New Delhi, 2008. 			
Course Plan			
Module	Course contents	Hours	End Sem. Exam Marks
I	General light wave system, advantages, classification of light wave systems. Fibres: types and refractive index profiles, mode theory of fibres: modes in SI and GI fibres, linear and non linear effects in fibres, dispersion, Group Velocity Dispersion, modal, wave guide and Polarization, Modes, Dispersion, attenuation- absorption, bending and scattering losses.	8	15%
II	Fibre materials, fabrication of fibres, photonic crystal fibre, index guiding PCF, photonic bandgap fibre, fibre cables. Optical sources, LEDs and LDs, structures, characteristics,	7	15%

	modulators using LEDs and LDs. coupling with fibres, noise in Laser diodes, Amplified Spontaneous Emission noise, effects of Laser diode noise in fibre communications		
FIRST INTERNAL EXAM			
III	Optical detectors, types and characteristics, structure and working of PIN and AP, noise in detectors, comparison of performance. Optical receivers, Ideal photo receiver and quantum limit of detection.	6	15%
IV	Digital transmission systems, design of IMDD links- power and rise time budgets, coherent Systems, sensitivity of a coherent receiver, comparison with IMDD systems. Introduction to soliton transmission, soliton links using optical amplifiers, GH effect, soliton-soliton interaction, amplifier gain fluctuations, and design guide lines of soliton based links.	8	15%
SECOND INTERNAL EXAM			
V	Optical Amplifiers ,basic concept, applications, types, doped fibre amplifiers, EDFA, basic theory, structure and working, Semiconductor laser amplifier, Raman amplifiers, TDFA, amplifier configurations, performance comparison.	6	20%
VI	The WDM concept, WDM standards, WDM components, couplers, splitters, Add/ Drop multiplexers, gratings, tunable filters, system performance parameters. Introduction to optical networks. Introduction to free space optics, LiFi technology and VLC. Optical Time Domain Reflectometer (OTDR) – fault detection, length and refractive index measurements.	7	20%
END SEMESTER EXAM			

Question Paper Pattern

The question paper shall consist of three parts. Part A covers modules I and II, Part B covers modules III and IV, and Part C covers modules V and VI. Each part has three questions uniformly covering the two modules and each question can have maximum four subdivisions. In each part, any two questions are to be answered. Mark patterns are as per the syllabus with 50% for theory and 50% for logical/numerical problems, derivation and proof.